1	2	3	4	5	6
36.	Orissa	Kandhamal	28.21	0.00	4.59
37.	Punjab	Muktsar	70.68	25.00	0.00
38.	Rajasthan	Udaipur	160.62	0.00	128.50
39.	Sikkim	East District	40.91	0.00	40.91
40.	Sikkim	South West Wildlife	140.93	0.00	101.00
41.	Sikkim	South Sikkim	141.02	0.00	101.19
42.	Tamil Nadu	Harur	76.47	0.00	76.47
43.	Tripura	West District	25.75	0.00	25.75
44.	Uttar Pradesh	Ferozabad	359.75	149.21	190.00
45.	Uttar Pradesh	Mirzapur	199.80	98.10	0.00
46.	Uttar Pradesh	Meerut	124.07	50.00	64.28
47.	Uttar Pradesh	Faizabad	191.16	5.00	186.16
48.	Uttar Pradesh	Hardoi	121.95	0.00	1.00
49.	Uttaranchal	Lansdown	40.38	0.00	40.38
	Grand TOTAL:		**6808.41**	**1059.88**	**3742.00**

De-pollution drive for rivers

3384. SHRI AIMADUDDIN AHMAD KHAN (DURRU): Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) Wether the environmental Atlas of India, brought out by the Central Pollution Control Board, brings out a 500 kms. stretch of Yamuna between Delhi and Etawah, which gives Yamuna the distinction of the country's most polluted river;

(b) if so, what are the other such grey and black spots and stretches brought out by the Atlas, which require immediate attention of Government for de-pollution; and

(c) the steps taken or being taken by Government to erase these spots from the Atlas?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI T.R. BALLU): (a) According the Environmental Atlas of India and the water quality

monitoring results of the Central Pollution Control Board, Yamuna river is polluted and does not meet the desired water quality criteria in its stretch from Delhi to Etawah.

(b) Other polluted river stretches according to water quality monitoring results presented in the said Atlas are Sabarmati at Ahmedabad, Gomti at Lucknow, the entire stretch of the river Kali, Adyar and Cooum, Vaigai at Madurai and Musi down stream of Hyderabad. Similarly river stretches of Ganga, down stream of Kanauj, Kanpur, Allahabad, Varanasi, and Trighat; Godavari, down stream Nasahik, Nanded and Rajmundary; Cauvery, down stream of Rangapattna, KRS Dam, Satyamangalam Bridge; Krishna between Mahabaleshwar and Sangli; Tapi between Nepanagar and Burhanpur; Mahanadi down stream of Cuttak, Mahi between Badnavar and Vasad, Brahamani down stream of Raurkela, Talcher and Dharmshala are also polluted.

(c) A scheme of National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) to take up pollution abatement works in 152 towns along the polluted stretches of 27 rivers spread over 16 States is under implmentation. The Plan, among others, includes all the above rivers/towns.

Ban on Bt cotton in developed countries

†3385. SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH 'LALAN':
SHRI KAPIL SIBAL:

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is ban on commercial production of Bt cotton in several developed countries; and

(b) if so, the names of those countries and the reasons for the ban in those countries?

THE MINISTER FOR ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI T.R. BAALU): (a) (b) As per the information available no cotton growing country has banned Bt cotton in their country. Bt cotton is registered for cultivation in countries such as USA, Australia, Soutch Africa, Argentina, Mexico and Indonesia, after approval by the competent authorities.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.